

Comment on: Severe clinical outcomes of COVID-19 associated with proton pump inhibitors: a nationwide cohort study with propensity score matching

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Abstract

Lee and colleagues recently published the first large-scale study to investigate the association between proton pump inhibitor (PPI) use and the infectious disease caused by COVID-19. Using a nationwide cohort sample with propensity score matching, they concluded that short-term current—but neither long-term current nor past—PPI usage was associated with worse outcomes of COVID-19. These results deserve some comments.

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